

YOUR SECURITY

Capital stock and double liability \$50,000.00
Surplus, undivided profits - 11,000.00

Careful supervision of our Directors, namely

J. W. Baker, Merchant, Sextons Creek, Ky.
R. H. Chrisman, Merchant, Berea, Ky.
P. Cornelius, Physician, Berea, Ky.
John F. Dean, Cashier, Berea, Ky.
W. O. Hayes, Merchant, Berea, Ky.
J. W. Herndon, Farmer and Capitalist, Berea, Ky.
A. Isaacs, Miller, Berea, Ky.
J. W. Stephens, Coal and Lumber Dealer, Berea, Ky.
A. H. Williams, Capitalist, Berea, Ky.
E. C. Wynn, Farmer, Berea, Ky.

Careful business management, unquestioned ability and integrity of officers and directors, strict banking laws, enforced to the letter, means ABSOLUTE SAFETY and SECURITY. Add to this courteous treatment and you should be satisfied to do your banking business with

BEREA BANK & TRUST CO.

Main Street, Berea, Kentucky

The Citizen

A family newspaper for all that is right, true and interesting.

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO.

(Incorporated)
WM. C. FROST, Editor-in-Chief
C. H. WERTENBERGER, Managing Editor
F. O. BOWMAN, Assistant Manager

Subscription Rates

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE
One Year \$1.00
Six Months .50
Three Months .25

Send money by Post-office or Express Money Order. Draft, Registered Letter, or one and two cent stamps.

The date after your name on label shows to what date your subscription is paid. If it is not changed within three weeks after renewal notify us.

Missing numbers will be gladly supplied if we are notified.
Liberal terms given to any who obtain new subscriptions for us. Any one sending us four yearly subscriptions can receive The Citizen free for himself for one year.
Advertising rates on application.



No Whiskey Advertisements!
No Immoral News Items!

BEREA BELL

An Alumni Tribute

From mountain peak to mountain peak
And up and down the dell
Thy children shout thy praises out,
Dear old Berea bell.

Chorus:
O ring and ring, incarnate thing.
We love thy heart beat well.
O swing and swing and ring and ring,
Dear old Berea bell.

Thou hast a part in every heart
That loves thy music well—
An altar there of faith and prayer—
Dear old Berea bell.

That joyful day has passed away
With its delightful spell,
When I could hear thy echoes clear,
Dear old Berea bell.

But, sundered far, thy voices are
Sweet memories that dwell
Through tide of time, secure, sublime,
Dear old Berea bell.

—Edward Collins Downing.

DO YOU KNOW THAT—

Light promotes cleanliness?
A clean mouth is essential to good health?

Physical training in childhood is the foundation of adult health?

The U. S. Public Health Service issues publications on hygiene and sanitation for free distribution?

Isolation is the most efficient means of controlling leprosy?

Headache is Nature's warning that the human machine is running badly?

Bullets may kill thousand — flies tens of thousands.

Obesity menaces longevity.

SMART PEOPLE BUY DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

FROM

OWEN McKEE

THERE IS A REASON

RICHMOND

KENTUCKY

itation. As we passed between them they raised their heads and looked sleepily at us and quietly resumed their nap.

Judge Haggard's family expressed surprise at our entrance from the rear, unannounced. In truth, there was no passway approaching the house from the rear. We told in a few words that we were just from the battlefields, that we were "neutral"—a non-combatant—and felt, inasmuch, danger of Federal shots as Confederates. We inquired about our relatives, the Azbills, and were glad to know that they lived on adjoining farmers, Rev. Joseph, and William Azbill.

We must not forget the breakfast that Mrs. Haggard had served for the visitors, who had eaten nothing since breakfast the day before. The biscuit, ham, coffee, butter, honey, and milk, ice cold, was the one meal eaten on Sunday morning, September 1, 1862, which the writer will not forget, nor the occasion.

We visited our relatives a day or two, took our line of march toward Dixie to see if Kirby Smith's Confederates had left anything in the neighborhood of our home; passing through College Hill, Waco, and thence to our home near Kerby Knob.

We found our wife and little family unmolested, yet they had had no tidings from us since about eight days.

On Sunday while we were detouring northward from Boonesboro, the Federals and Confederates kept up rear guard skirmishes to Lexington, thence to Frankfort, where a provisional government for the State was established, as the Confederates under Gen. Braxton Bragg virtually held control. Gen. Bragg about this time was preparing to lay siege to Louisville. Those were dark days in "Old Kentucky."

No mails, no newspapers, no word from our friends in the Army of the Cumberland, the writer's father, a convalescent in Nashville, dying in the meantime, and no intelligence of the fact reaching us till weeks after the battle of Perryville, fought October 8, 1862.

This battle, the principal one, and the closing engagement fought by Gen. Buell, in command of Federals with 58,000 men, and Gen. Bragg, commanding 40,000 Confederates. Federal loss, 4,348; Confederates, 3,396.

This closes our history of the invasion of 1862, except some minor reminiscences of persons and events occurring in Jackson, Madison and Rockcastle counties.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Larger postal savings deposits will now be accepted at the postoffice. This is made possible by an important amendment to the Postal Savings Act just approved by President Wilson. A postal savings depositor may now have an account amounting to \$1,000 upon which interest will be paid. Formerly \$500 was the maximum amount he could have to his credit. This enlargement of postal savings facilities will be very gratifying to thousands of depositors who have already reached the old \$500 limit and are anxious to entrust more of their savings to Uncle Sam. Another feature of the amendment that will avoid further embarrassment to the public and to postal officials is the doing away with the limit on the amount that could be accepted from a depositor monthly. Under the old law only \$100 could be deposited in a calendar month. The amendment abolishes this restriction. While the Postal Savings System has already proved a signal success as is shown by the fact that more than half-a-million depositors have over eighty million dollars standing to their credit, still it has fallen short of meeting the full demands of the public because of the restrictions which have now been eliminated. Postmaster General Burleson and Third Assistant Postmaster General Dockery have been tireless in their efforts to secure a modification of the limitations and the new liberalizing legislation is particularly gratifying to them.

Get the Direction.

"The wise thing to do nowadays is to invest your money in a going concern."

"Yes, and it's also a wise thing to first find out which way the concern is going."—Judge.

RESOLUTIONS OF GRATITUDE.

Recognizing As Contributing Factors Toward the Unqualified Success of Knoxville's First Trade Trip the Services Rendered.

"First, By the University of Tennessee band under the able leadership of William H. Crouch.

"Second, By the splendid co-operation of each city visited, made manifest through their respective reception and entertainment committees.

"Third, By the advance trip over the route of the trade trip by O. F. Whittle.

"Fourth, By both the counsel and presence of C. C. Gilbert, secretary of the Tennessee Manufacturers' Association.

"Fifth, By the unequalled co-operation of the press both prior to and during the trip.

"Sixth, By the incomparable transportation and dining car services of the railroads.

"Be it resolved, That the cordial and sincere thanks of the trade trip party be extended to the University of Tennessee and to each member of the band and their leader; to the entertainment and reception committees in each city visited; to O. F. Whittle; to the Tennessee Manufacturers' Association and Mr. Gilbert; to the press and to the Southern, L. & N. and V. & S. W. railroads, believing that the indispensable services rendered call for an expression of appreciation from those who were served.

"Be it further resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to all parties named, and that the papers be requested to print same."

POVERTY AND TUBERCULOSIS.

Tuberculosis and poverty! These are the essential facts which force themselves to the attention of every investigator who faces the problem of that disease. The tenement house district of Cincinnati yields a tuberculosis morbidity just three times as great as the areas where better housing prevails. In 197 families in which tuberculosis existed the average monthly income for a family of four was approximately \$57. After paying the pro-rata share for food and rent, a balance of \$5.13 remained for each individual to meet all other expenses. Such a low subsistence level works like black magic in the spread of tuberculosis. Moreover, and this is a point over which the public should ponder, the home of the average wage earner was found to be far less sanitary than the average factory and workshop.

The city of Cincinnati realized that her tuberculosis death rate was 50 per cent above the average and that it had failed to manifest a tendency to decline. She felt no qualms in making this admission. Rather, she determined that she would learn why, with an efficient health department and favorable climatic influences, she was suffering from twice the mortality from that disease as her neighbor, Pittsburg. Accordingly the United States Public Health Service was requested to make a thorough study of the situation and submit a report. To show that something more than mere academic interest obtained, 19,932 workers in 154 factories of the city voluntarily submitted to a physical examination.

The conclusions reached, point directly to the close connection between poverty and tuberculosis. The great factor underlying the entire problem was seemingly that of economic conditions. One sixth of all tuberculosis cases came from cheap lodging houses. Alcoholism was a prominent cause, and often accelerated the course of the disease. Previous tuberculosis in the family occurred in practically a third of all the cases investigated. Dissipation, overcrowding, bad housing, and in-

What We Are Speaks Louder Than What We Say

The National seeks your business on its record

Berea National Bank

Berea, Kentucky

nate lack of personal responsibility, were also listed as causes.

Cornerstone Laid For Jackson Church.

The cornerstone laying of the Jackson Baptist Church was held at the new church building at Jackson on the corner of Main and Broadway, attended by appropriate ceremonies, in which the Rev. A. S. Petrey and the Rev. C. C. Carroll, of Winchester, were the chief speakers. Attorney Ryland C. Muck, of Jackson, spoke on "Reminiscences of the Past."

The new structure is to cost approximately \$15,000 and will be one of the most handsome structures of its kind in Eastern Kentucky.

Anything New In
Your Line of
Business?
The People Ought
to Know

TRAIN HITS AN AUTOMOBILE.

New Comerstown, O.—Four persons were killed when a fast Pennsylvania railroad train hit an automobile three miles west of here. The four, with Mr. Wilson and Mr. Purdy, were on their way to the Tuscarawas river, where they were to pass the day fishing. Purdy, who was driving, stopped the car on the railroad tracks and Wilson started to open a gate to permit them to take a short cut to the river. None noticed the approaching train until it was too late to escape.

SWEPT BY TORNADO

(Continued from Page 6)

daughters of Dr. McCullough were hurt at the time their younger sister was killed in the McCullough home, five miles east of Denison. Most of these injured were caught in the collapse of buildings while trying to reach storm cellars shortly after the storm broke.

After the storm passed emergency treatment was given the injured in darkness, with rain falling in torrents. A special train, carrying 12 physicians from Denison, did not reach Kemp until several hours after the tornado passed.

RIOTERS ESCAPE FROM DUBLIN.

London.—In the first excitement of the round-up by the military authorities of the participants in the Dublin uprisings after the leaders began to surrender, numbers of Sinn Feiners escaped in coffins, according to a report that has reached here through the Sinn Fein "underground railroad." The escapes are said to have been facilitated by the momentary relaxation of the unusual rules concerning death and burial certificates. The released man was able to walk to a secluded end of the graveyard and thus to liberty.

AMERICANS ATTACKED BANDITS.

Field Headquarters, Mexico.—Thirteen troopers of the Seventh Cavalry were fired upon near the town of Temosachic and one was wounded. The attack is ascribed to bandits hiding under a bridge near the town, which is a few miles southeast of Madera on the Mexican Northwestern Railway. Answering the fire of the bandits the Americans wounded one Mexican.

Sugar.
Fire will completely consume pure sugar, but will leave an ash if the sugar be adulterated.

INQUIRY IN ROADS BILL

\$160,000 For Repairs Starts Probe by State and Grand Jury.

Marion, Ind., May 23.—Lively interest is being shown by Grant county taxpayers in the conduct of county affairs. Investigations, both by the grand jury and by field examiners sent by the state board of public accounts, have aroused the public, which is asking for all the facts.

More than \$160,000 was spent in 1915 for the repairs of roads in Grant county. When it became known this sum had been used in the repairing of roads, many of which had been constructed within the last two years, questions began to be asked and the investigations followed.

Doctor Held Pending Inquiry.
Terre Haute, Ind., May 23.—Dr. V. A. Shanklin of West Terre Haute, appeared in city court charged with attempting an illegal operation. Dr. Shanklin denied the charge but was sent to jail pending investigation, being released later on bond.

Mistake in Drink Fatal.
Louisville, May 23.—James L. McBurnie, Sr., sixty-seven, a retired business man, took nicotine used for spraying plants by mistake for mineral water and died in a few hours.

PEACE MUST COME THROUGH VICTORY

(Continued from Page One).

Uce Germany's hints "for peace which were incorporated" in the reply to the American note on the submarine crisis, and it also shows why the suggestions emanating from Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, relative to a movement for peace, have not influenced either President Wilson or Secretary Lansing.

Information has reached here that Germany is not confining her peace proposals to the United States. Agents of the imperial government are busy in Spain, Holland, Sweden and Norway, urging these neutral nations to assist in ending the war by urging peace. Particularly in Spain and Holland is the peace propaganda very active.

But Germany fully realizes, it is said, that little can be done toward ending the war without the support of the United States, the leading neutral nation. Therefore strenuous efforts are being made to enlist the support of President Wilson.

TEUTONS PIERCE BRITISH LINES

(Continued from Page One).

General Nivelle's troops on the heights of the Meuse. Here a surprise action drove the Germans out of trenches on a sector of three hundred meters, the French taking some prisoners.

More than 600,000 Austrian soldiers are engaged in the present offensive in the Trentino region, in an attempt to break through the Italian border lines, according to an official statement given out by the Italian general staff.

The Italians express little fear that this attack will be successful. They point out the natural defenses of the mountainous country in which the offensive is occurring.

This district, always strongly fortified, has been greatly reinforced in the past year, and the Italians say that it is impregnable. They add that the Austrians began the offensive with no hope of success, but simply to keep the Italian forces too busy to begin an offensive attack of their own at another point.

"A mighty effort," is the characterization of the Italian general staff of the present attack.

The most recent Austrian official statement claims several advances on the south Tyrol front, but says nothing about any great advantages derived therefrom.

Day Telephone 270

Residence Telephone 66

RICHMOND HEATING & PLUMBING CO.

CLAY BUILDING, WEST MAIN STREET

Bayton's Domestic Supply Plants, Gas and Gasoline Engines, Sewer Pipe and Mill Supplies.

RICHMOND

KENTUCKY

MAMMOTH CAVE

FROM BEREA JUNE 15th

\$12.15 FOR AN ALL-EXPENSE THREE-DAYS TRIP

Railroad fare \$5.65. Board and Cave Fee \$6.50. Round trip tickets on sale for morning trains. Band Concert on Echo River. Orchestra and Promenade 7:00 to 12 P. M. See L. & N. Agt.